

Table 4. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected worker occupations and major industry sector, 2010

California--private industry													
Occupation	Private industry 2, 3, 4	Goods producing				Service providing							
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining 2,3	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services
Total.....	102,480	22,560	3,680	8,750	10,130	79,920	31,830	3,320	3,460	9,370	17,320	11,800	2,830
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand.....	8,580	750	--	50	710	7,830	6,950	180	30	490	70	70	40
Truck drivers, light or delivery services.....	4,570	620	140	120	360	3,950	3,380	50	80	360	30	20	40
Retail salespersons.....	4,010	--	--	--	--	4,000	3,780	--	180	--	--	--	--
Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants.....	3,290	--	--	--	--	3,290	--	--	30	--	3,250	--	--
Maids and housekeeping cleaners.....	2,820	20	--	--	--	2,810	--	--	150	560	720	1,290	80
Farmworkers and laborers, crop, nursery, and greenhouse.....	2,580	2,450	2,260	--	190	130	80	--	--	50	--	--	--
Registered nurses.....	1,980	--	--	--	--	1,980	--	--	--	--	1,950	--	--
Truck drivers, heavy and tractor-trailer.....	1,880	20	20	--	--	1,860	1,550	--	60	240	--	--	--
First-line supervisors/managers of retail sales workers.....	1,750	80	--	--	80	1,670	1,640	--	--	--	--	--	--
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping cleaners.....	1,670	250	40	40	170	1,420	160	40	20	710	290	190	--
Combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food.....	1,500	--	--	--	--	1,500	790	--	--	--	--	700	--
Cooks, restaurant.....	1,460	--	--	--	--	1,460	40	--	--	--	--	1,410	--
Cashiers.....	1,420	--	--	--	--	1,410	1,070	--	--	--	--	320	--
Welders, cutters, solderers, and brazers.....	1,360	770	20	440	310	600	100	--	--	440	--	--	50
Customer service representatives.....	1,320	60	--	--	60	1,260	430	260	300	140	90	20	--
Construction laborers.....	1,310	1,070	--	1,070	--	240	30	--	--	210	--	--	--
Waiters and waitresses.....	1,260	--	--	--	--	1,260	--	--	--	--	60	1,180	--
Maintenance and repair workers, general.....	1,090	20	--	--	20	1,070	180	180	150	120	70	150	220
Food preparation workers.....	1,040	30	--	--	30	1,010	50	--	--	--	30	930	--
Landscaping and groundskeeping workers.....	970	20	--	--	--	950	30	--	60	680	40	140	--
Carpenters.....	960	860	--	850	--	100	--	50	--	--	--	--	--
Electricians.....	950	880	--	790	90	70	50	--	--	--	--	--	--
Security guards.....	800	--	--	--	--	780	60	20	80	470	70	90	--
Automotive service technicians and mechanics.....	800	--	--	--	--	800	700	--	--	--	--	--	100
Office clerks, general.....	760	60	--	--	--	700	130	80	40	20	410	--	--
Industrial machinery mechanics.....	760	700	100	--	580	60	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System* -- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping

requirements effective January 1, 2002: therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.